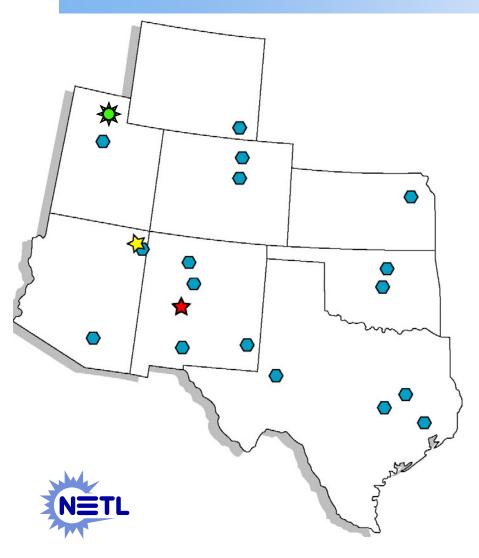
Southwest Regional Partnership on Carbon Sequestration



Southwest Phase II Overview

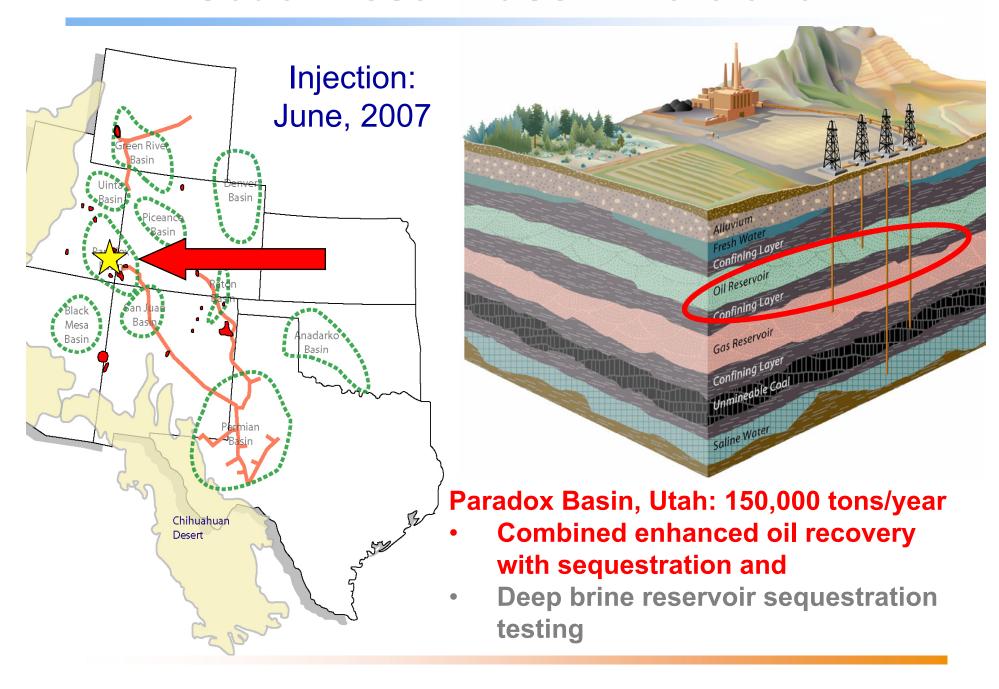
DE- FC26-05NT42591

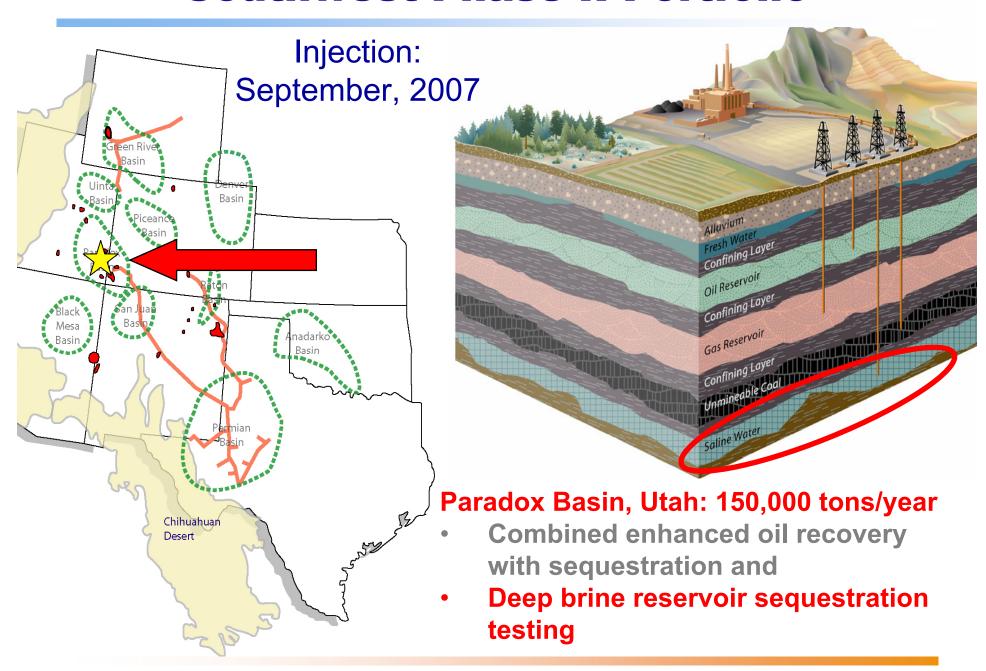
May 9, 2007 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

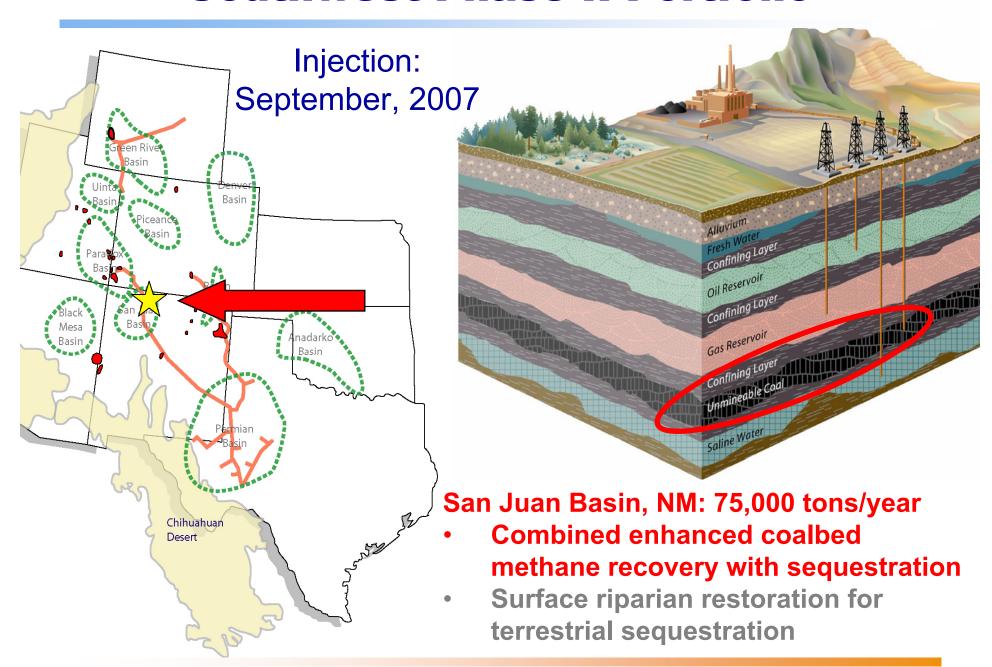


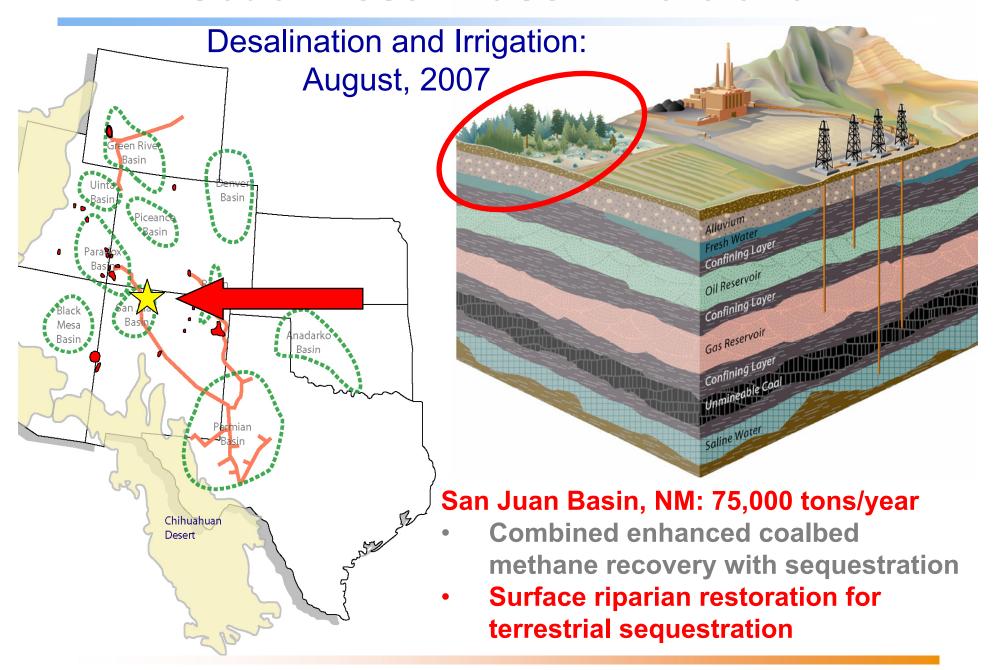
Acknowledgements

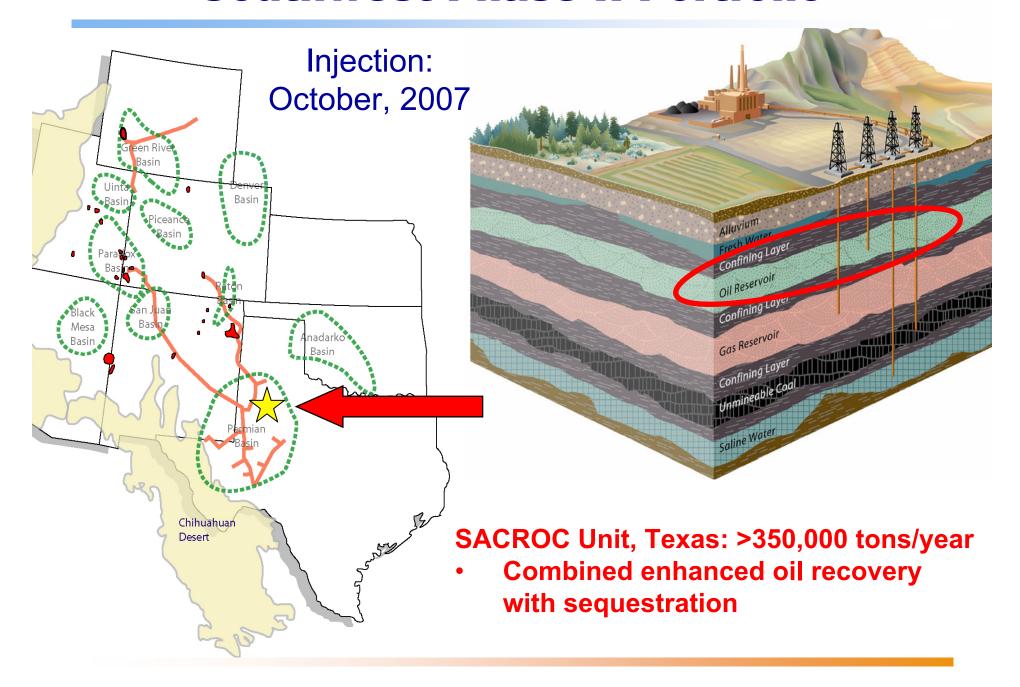
- Many thanks to the U.S. Department of Energy and NETL for supporting this project
- We express our gratitude also to our many industry partners, who have committed a great deal of time, funding and other general support for these projects
- The work presented today is co-authored by all partners in the Southwest Partnership

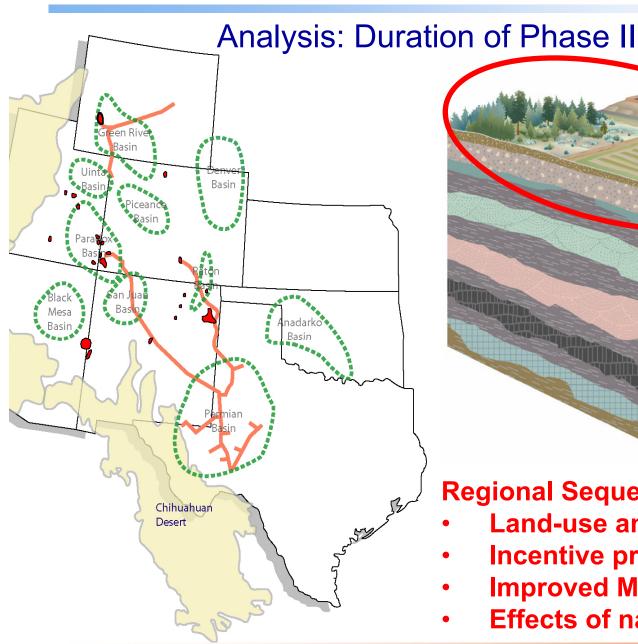


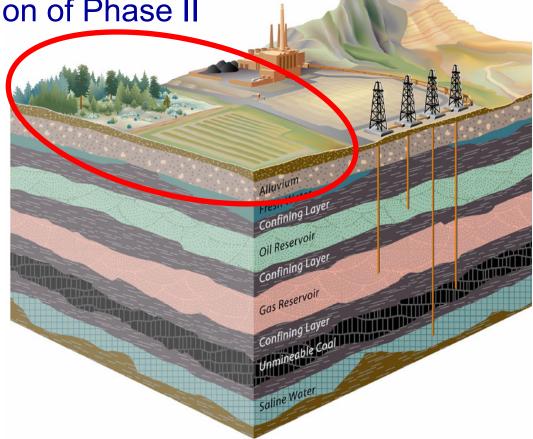












Regional Sequestration Project

- Land-use and changes
- **Incentive programs and effects**
- Improved MMV and reporting
- **Effects of natural vegetation changes**

Phase II Progress: Utah Geologic

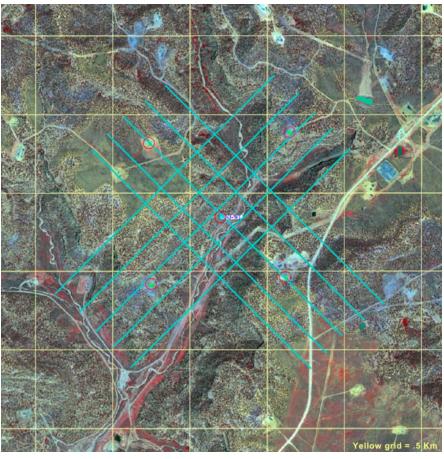
- Baseline MMV completed, including
 - √ 3-D seismic survey
 - √ baseline flux measurements
 - ✓ tracer test to begin with injection
 - ✓ in situ geophone array for VSP constructed; will be installed later this month
- Several delays associated with permitting
- Injection will begin in late June, 2007



Phase II Progress: New Mexico Geologic

- Injection well drilling in July
- Baseline MMV in progress:
 - √ 2-D seismic survey
 scheduled for end of June
 - √ baseline surface flux
 - √ soil-gas tracers
 - √ methane/radon surveys
 - ✓ groundwater chemistry
 - ✓ tiltmeter installation (June)
- Injection/reservoir engineering models completed
- Injection will begin in late August, 2007

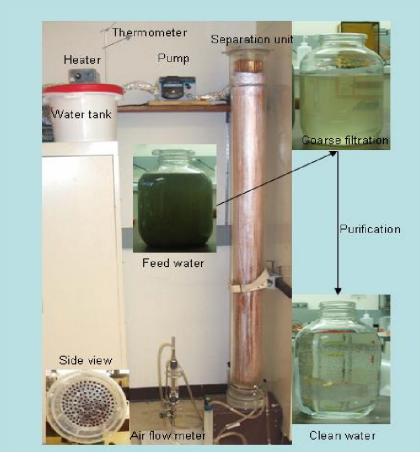




Phase II Progress: New Mexico Terrestrial

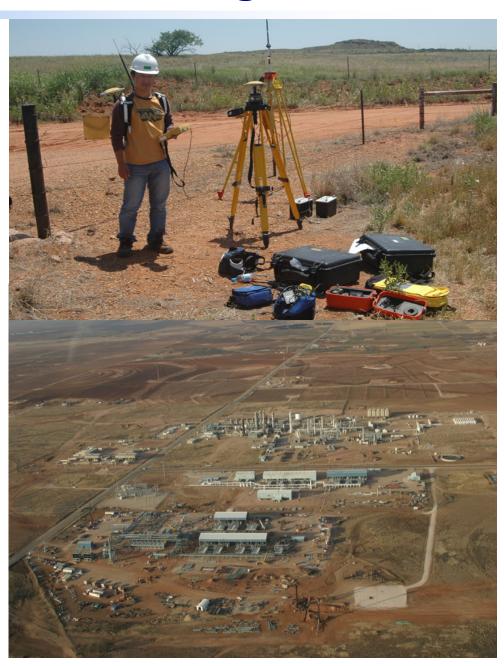
- Riparian restoration irrigation plans completed
- Riparian MMV plans completed
- bench-scale humidificationdehumidification desalination unit is completed and produces several gallons/day
- a pilot-scale desalination unit is under construction and will be deployed at the San Juan site, to produce 100 gallons/day for irrigation





Phase II Progress: Texas Geologic Tests

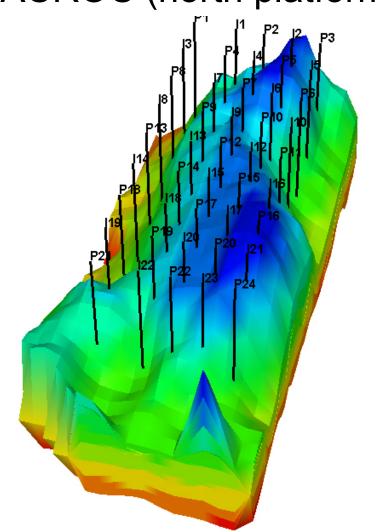
- Baseline MMV completed, including
 - √ 3-D seismic survey
 - √ 3-D "poor-man's"
 seismic survey completed
 - √ baseline fluxes
 - ✓ water chemistry and isotopes
- High resolution reservoir models completed for capacity, injectivity, and long-term monitoring design
- Claytonville test uncertain
- New injection and MMV at SACROC will begin summer



Phase II Progress: Texas Geologic Tests

- Baseline MMV completed, including
 - √ 3-D seismic survey
 - √ 3-D "poor-man's"
 seismic survey completed
 - √ baseline fluxes
 - √ water chemistry and isotopes
- High resolution reservoir models completed for capacity, injectivity, and long-term monitoring design
- Claytonville test uncertain
- New injection and MMV at SACROC will begin summer

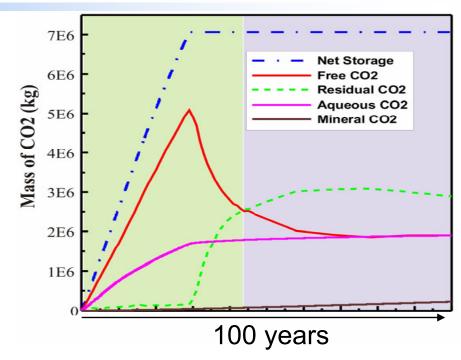
SACROC (north platform)

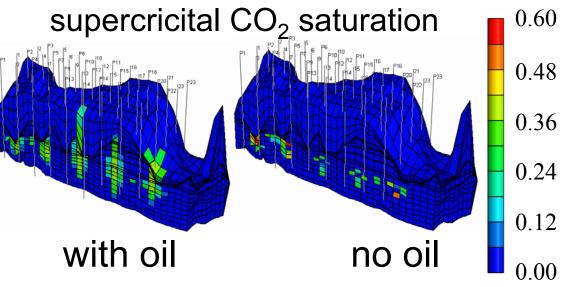


15,470 elements

Phase II Progress: Texas Geologic Tests

- Baseline MMV completed, including
 - ✓ 3-D seismic survey
 - ✓ 3-D "poor-man's" seismic survey completed
 - √ baseline fluxes
 - ✓ water chemistry and isotopes
- High resolution reservoir models completed for capacity, injectivity, and long-term monitoring design
- Claytonville test uncertain
- New injection and MMV at SACROC will begin this summer





Phase II Progress

Southwest Region Saline Formations

Southwestern U.S. Inventory of Sources and Sinks (National Atlas)

Minimum Deep Saline Field Capacities:

Arizona 92 Mtons

Colorado 3.8 Gtons

Kansas 10.6 Gtons

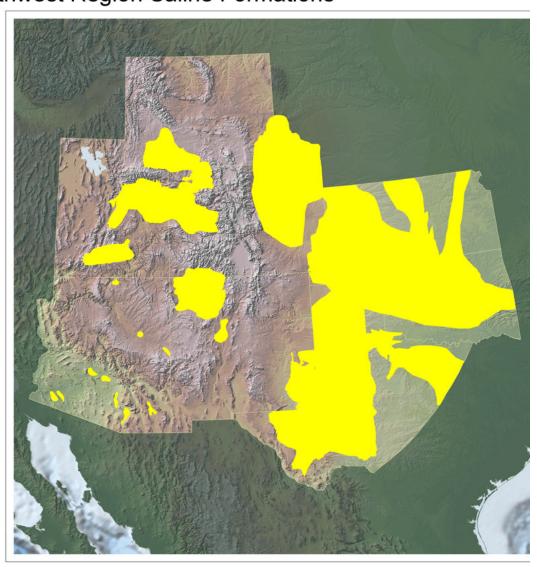
New Mexico 10 Gtons

Oklahoma 9 Mtons

Texas 48 Gtons

Utah 508 Mtons

Wyoming 507 Mtons



Summary and Recommendation

- Utah and Texas geologic project faced some permitting and otherwise economic delays
- New Mexico geologic and terrestrial tests on schedule
- Baseline MMV completed or in progress at all sites
- New injection at all sites (Utah, New Mexico, and Texas)
 will begin this summer
- Desalination for riparian restoration ready for field
- Significant new modeling results (presentation this aft)
- New website at http://southwestcarbonpartnership.org

Summary and Recommendation

A recommendation for sequestration in western states:

The best opportunities are deep saline formations underneath oil and gas fields.

- in most cases, regulatory requirements are already established
- surface and subsurface ownership and mineral & water rights established
- the infrastructure of oil and gas fields provides tremendous monitoring options
- reduces concerns associated with leakage from abandoned wells, because few wells penetrate these deeper formations